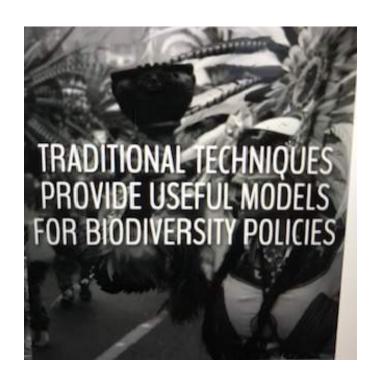
A Global Perspective on Pastoralist Value

Mountain Ecosystems and Resources Management Summer Field School (Online) 24 September 2021

Christina Adams MFA

Convention on Biological Diversity Says:

- Many endangered species survive in zoos and botanical gardens
- Key ecosystems preserved through protective measures are not sustainable
- Species and ecosystems need freedom to evolve in their natural conditions
- Economic policies should create financial resources for those who would otherwise damage natural resources
- World is facing multiple crises, per former UN Chief Moon
- Ten years to act, per Moon
- Traditional methods can help sustain biodiverse life



Indigenous & Tribal People Sustain Genetic Legacies

- Indigenous people, 4-5% of world population, live in regions that contain the majority of world's biodiverse resources
- Traditional healing can be key to medicine
- Pharmaceuticals are sourced from biodiverse plants, animals etc.
- These 'gene banks' are key to human and animal health
- Pastoral livestock uptakes appropriate nutrients and produces food directly = less harmful processing & local sustainability, soil health



Pastoralists and Rangelands are Important to the World

- 54% of the world is rangelands, per Rangelands Atlas Database
- Rangelands are home to many nomadic and pastoral livestock keepers, who are often "underrated"
- This biodiverse resource can be exploited or experience desertification if not managed





Pastoralist Traditions Helped Save My Son

- I met a man with a camel in California (he had Middle Eastern roots) and thought it might help my son's autism symptoms
- I flew in frozen Bedouin camel milk from the Middle East
- He was having many problems due to ASD
- Nomadic people knew about camel milk's health benefits but not for autism



My Own Clinical Experiment

- October 2007, gave ½ cup milk with cereal at bed
- Next AM, speech fluidity, eye contact, emotion & complex conversations
- "I love you, you do so much for me, you're really great."
- Within 3 days, crossed parking lots alone
- Behavior breakdowns stopped



First use of camel milk for ASD October, 2007

The Results Were Amazing

- White bumps on cheeks faded
- Returned to public school
- Improved pragmatics & range
- Worked as an antidote to food intolerance
- Tolerated more foods
- Overall 30% improvement in ASD symptoms
- Got USDA permission to import
- I wrote an article that went viral and kicked off new interest in camel milk across the world



2012 article went viral, inspiring parents & industry

Nomadic-Inspired Treatment Recorded in Scientific Journal

- Wrote a journal article describing the case study
- Now cited 14 times



2013 GAHM Case Report generated scientific interest—now cited in research

Example: Kids with Autism Before and After Camel Milk









Camels Led Me to Greater Pastoralist/Nomad Awareness

- US, Middle East, India
- Spoke with cameleers from Somalia, Kenya, Mexico, Europe, Mongolia, Central Asia, Morocco, Mauritania, Israel, and many more
- Introduced camel people to others to build network
- Visited and reported on camels, usually in remote locations





Pastoralist Products and Knowledge are Outside the Mainstream – Why?

- Traditional livestock knowledge is held by rural cultures with low visibility and credibility
- They often are on the move and not 'connected' to settled areas
- Often conservative and insular societies
- Products now emerging
- Steep odds of survival
- We need to increase pastoralist/nomads' value to markets, society, and preserve their land access



Amish camel milk products from PA, US

Example: International Year of Camelids 2024

- UN says: raise public awareness of camelids for food security and ecosystems
- Goal: increase consumption of goods produced from camelids, to contribute to the eradication of hunger, malnutrition
- The International Camel Organization of Saudi Arabia is also fostering awareness of camel value, etc.
- Also: World Milk Day, World Camel and Donkey Days, and other opportunities to raise livestock/pastoralist awareness



Ways to Increase Pastoral/Animal Value and Survival

- Science
- Human Health
- Food

- Entertainment
- Textiles
- Crafts





Camel Milk: A Small But Growing Health/Food Industry

- Camel milk is potential \$10.2B industry in 10 years (FAO)
- Camel are 2nd-fastest-growing herbivorous livestock animal
- Demand rising due to autism, health consumers plus Muslim meat/milk market
- Not supported by most govts yet
- When I started only a few world dairies
- Now many around the world
- 3 million tons of CM officially sold but 70% of camel milk is consumed by the camel owners & never reaches market
- Saudi Arabia a top CM market
- Fake/adulterated milk starting to appear (sign of success!)
- More studies emerging



Camelids Demonstrate the Scientific Value of Pastoral Animals

- Camels are unique
 - Oval blood cells, unique biology and adaptations, etc.
 - Camel antibodies/immunoglobulins/IgGs resist pathogens (germs)
 - Camel/camelid-derived (llama) nanobodies have medical potential for diagnosis and therapies including COVID-19
 - Snakebite, cancer, platform for vaccines and immunotherapy, antiviral therapy, neutralize beta coronaviruses, etc
 - New study re: MERS-exposed camels possible COVID therapy use
 - Llamas Cormac and Fifi's antibodies promising for COVID



Example: Diabetes Patient Report

- Rena Solomon (disaster rescuer known as "Angel in a Hummer") diagnosed with Type 2 diabetes
- Was put on Metformin, Trulicity and insulin (Trulicity made her sick)
- Frozen cm helped but not enough
- Bought camels to try fresh raw milk
- Took 16 ounces a day for 6 months,, stopped insulin and Trulicity
- A1C dropped to 5.5 on CM and Metformin
- Blood sugar drops under 100 after fresh CM
- Pain in hands also stopped



Donkeys Also a Highly Challenged Pastoralist Asset

- Milk used medicinally since ancient times (Romans, etc)
- Many qualities similar to camel milk (anti-tumor, anti-viral, anti-bacterial, etc)
- Helps infants, PANS/PANDAS, etc
- Turkana Kenyan pastoralists use for transport, are very distressed now
- Chinese etc demand for meat, hide, medicinal products = catastrophic slaughter (-800K Kenyan donkeys in 3 years)
- May be diminished as Kenyan species by 2023



Turkana Donkey Owners Association protests against the High Court decision that allowed the reopening of slaughterhouses, 2021 Image: HESBORN ETYANG

Donkey Pastoralists Declining in India But Milk Listed for Sale

- Situation similiar to Indian camels: grazing, age of herders, etc
- Dairy output very, very low but potentially valuable (Gujarat milk)





Chanabhai Rudabhai Bharwad demonstrates the process of milking a Halari. This milk is believed to be an immunity-booster and to possess many positive medicinal qualities (ruralindiaonline.org)

Traditional Fabrics and Handicrafts (Soaps, Cosmetics)





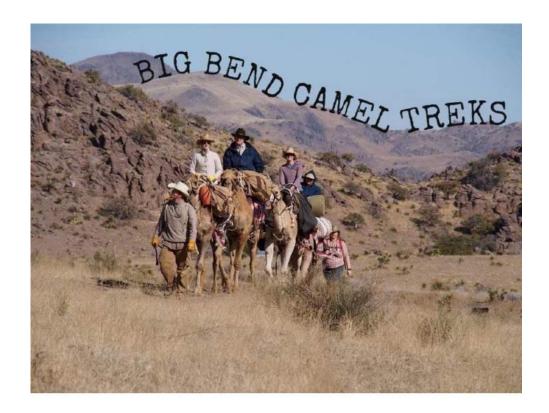






Entertainment, Tourism

- Racing
- Fairs/Festivals
- Milking contests
- Tourism
- Rides/Treks
- Time with animals



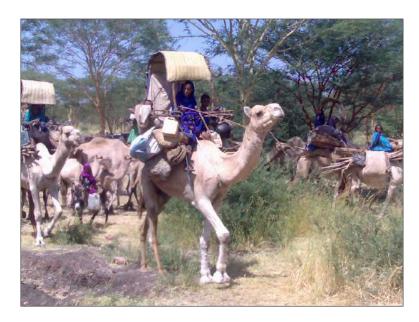
US Amish-Mennonite Farm Family



A farm-focused, low-tech, pastoralist-style group culture

Worth Saving: Nomadic and Pastoral Value and Wisdom

- Livestock has been the backbone of society
- Camels and cattle form the wealth, status, trading ability of many cultures
- Their lifestyles can benefit us all
- Sudanese camels grazing on rich natural pasture have improved Omega-threes and offer human health benefits per study
- Animal soil interaction & droppings can improve habitat of smaller species, seed spreading, etc



Lahawein tribe on the move after rainy season

Social and Lifestyle Value: A Nomad Speaks

- Meet Sidi Amar, a Toureg nomadic camel herder from Niger
- Sidi trains camels in the US and has lived here for many years
- Sidi exemplifies the great traits of nomadic life
- He can sleep anywhere, adjust to any group, understand animals
- "If I knew then what I know now, I would be a nomad, back home raising my camels."



Everyone Can Benefit from Pastoralist Ways

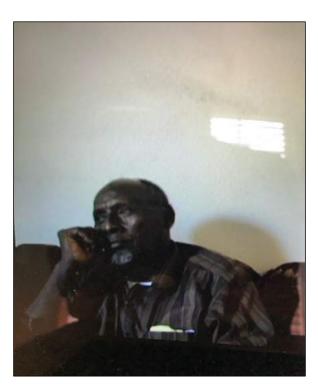
- Societies are healthier with outdoor interaction
- Nature helps destress us and enrich microbiomes
- Exposure to dirt, animals, sun, plants increases immune function
- Teach children to be comfortable with nature: plants, prepping raw foods, dirt, soil, unplugging from WIFI
- Echoing nomadic traditions increases skills, selfsufficiency
- Engaging with people from other ways of life strengthens our world and creates courtesy and respect
- Schedule these opportunities or they won't happen





Engagement with Nature is Valuable to Humans

- "Forest bathing" increases human killer cells, has documented anti-cancer and calming effects in males and females, effects lasted 7 days
- Nomadic children had better health than settled children (Northern Kenya study)
- Somali seniors said they never saw children who could not learn or sit still
- They retain the wisdom of a pastoral way of life—a human 'genetic legacy'
- If society could utilize their knowledge and monetize it through their biodiverse traditions (living in forest/jungle etc. on CM), people would benefit

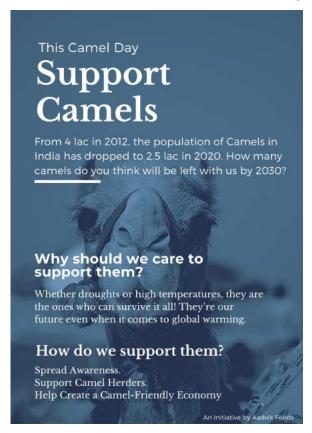


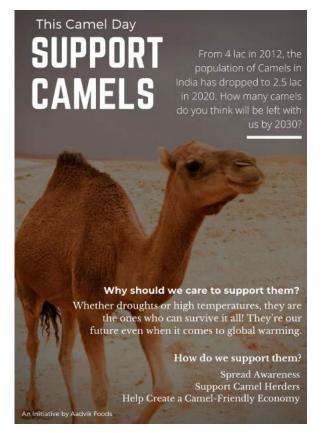
Pastoralists and Nomadic People Need Help

- Low demand for draft animals, water & grazing rights battles, discrimination, disinterest from youth, strict regulation, lack of finance hurts, clan conflict
- Loss of grazing increases camel illness and mange, etc
- Chilled transportation/storage challenges in dry, arid countries
- Belief systems and govt do not overall support camel milk sales, but it's slowly changing
- US 'pastoralists' (very traditional Amish and other camel farmers) are not nomads but share similar challenges
- Excessive milk regulations are burdensome
- COVID-19 outreach needed



Camels Need Increased Support





Pastoralists/Rangelands Need Peace and Development

- Livestock can bring parts of society together
- Market value may create allies in troubled areas
- Mediation & technology may help herder-grazing disputes
- Camels take less water and feed—good for climate
- Crossing borders/cultures to help children & sick people, create safe zones for camels
- Remember the nomadic tradition of giving it to the sick for free/govt should support this by underwriting milk
- Early-stage science funding for pastoral resources
- Example: Dr. Ilse/LPPS has new mapping project for pastoralists





Mongolian Rangeland Example

- Mongolia has wide intact rangelands
- Camel (Bactrian) products increasingly used in textiles, fashion, products for intl market
- Green Gold project is key to this effort
- They have 21 herder groups and code of practices
- The "Responsible Nomads" tracking system standardizes steps for sustainability via a rangelands data base mapping site
- Protects wildlife, habitats, rare plants
- Increases household and female income (common in camel cultures)



DID YOU KNOW?

Mongola is a land of milk and more milk! Archaeological evidence confirms that Mongolians have been nomadic dairy herders for more than 5,000 years, and today they milk more livestock species than any other country on earth.

Throughout Mongolia, seven different species are milked every day; vaks, cows. Bactrian camels, horses, sheep, goats, and

properties, making them ideally suited for producing different dairy products - from yak butter to goat yogurt to fermented mare's milk. Each animal is adapted to a different region, and in northern Mongolia, vak milk products are a local delicacy

Yak. Bos grunniens

Known locally as capnar, yeks were originally domesticated in Tibet and then migrated to northern Mongolia in prehistory. Yaks produce a rich creamy milk ideally sulted to making yogurt, butter, and even vodkal



Cattle (yxsp) are not native to Mongolia, but rather were first domesticated more than 10,000 years ago in the Near East. They were brought to Mongolia around 5,000 years ago by migrating herders, and they have been important dairy livestock ever since

The two-humped Bactrian camel (13M30) is native to the Gobi desert in southern Mongolia. It was traditionally used to pull heavy loads and its milk is made into *khormog*, a light acoholic drink



Horse, Equus verus caballus

Horses (адуу) are native to the Eurasian steppe and have been hunted by humans since the Paleolithic. Starting in the Bronze Age, people began milking them, and today they are used to make a fizzy alcoholic called airag, a kind of horse milk champagne.



Hairy sheep were first domesticated in the Near East, and they later acquired a mutation that turned them wooly. Wooly sheep (хонь) were brought to Mongolia 5,000 years ago, and their wool and milk has contributed to Mongolian society ever since.



Goat. Capra hircus Goats (swaa) were brought to Mongolia together with cattle and sheep around 5,000 years ago. Their milk is important for making yogurt, and their hair is combed to produce cashmere

Reindeer, Rangifer tarandus Reindeer (use) are native to the tains and they cold. In Mongolia they are milked only in the far north of the country. Reindeer produce very lit milk, but they are is highly prized and excellent to



0.02 0.05 0.01 0.01 0.04 0.02 no



The Next Generation Needs Exposure to Pastoralists, Biodiversity







A Success: Camel Pastoralists Are Gaining Ground (Mostly)

- Since I began, things have changed a lot
- Now thousands of families across the world use camel milk
- New research continues
- New companies are distributing camel milk in many countries
- My dream of universal access to camel milk is coming true





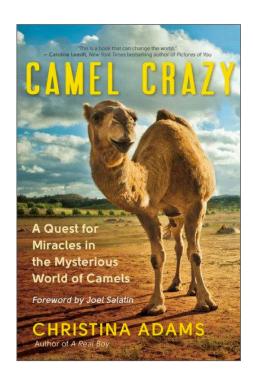




© Christina Adams

Camel Crazy Shares the Global Camel Story

- It is now sold around the world
- Helps camel milk farmers, sellers and pastoralists
- Helps families—explains CM, how to use, health benefits for diabetes, autism, food/gut, etc
- Contains list of global milk sellers
- Helps connect pastoralists, consumers, producers, and vets/science researchers
- Goal was to share the value of pastoralists/nomads
- Won a Nautilus Book Award



Let's Keep Pastoralist Awareness Going

- Orderbook from bookstores or online sites
- Hump Group UK/Aadvik Foods India
- www.ChristinaAdamsAuthor.com
- Facebook ChristinaAdams Author
- Twitter @camelmilkinfo
- Instagram @Christina_Adams_Author

